

### Common Security **Maritime Security** Module Description

Date: Origin:

Implementation Group

Country	Institution	Common Module	ECTS
Greece	Hellenic Naval Academy	Maritime Security	2.0

	Minimum Qualification for Lecturers	
Service <b>ALL</b>	Officers/Lecturers:	
	<ul> <li>English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)</li> <li>Level B2 or NATO STANAG Level 3,</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Expertise on Maritime Security Operations,</li> </ul>	
	o international experience.	
	Civilians/Lecturers:	
Language English	<ul> <li>English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)</li> <li>Level B2 or NATO STANAG Level 3,</li> </ul>	
Liigiioii	○ Expertise on relevant topics,	
	o relevant academic publications.	
SQF	Competence area - International Security/Diplomacy Actor	
MILOF	Learning area - International relations	
MILOI	Organisation level - Single Arm/Branch	

### Prerequisites for international participants:

- English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) Level B1 or NATO STANAG Level 2,
- At least 2 years of national military education,
- Basic knowledge of International Politics, EU, CFSP, CSDP via the ESDC e-learning (AKU 1 and AKU 2),
- · Basic knowledge of sea's law.

### Goal of the Module

Introduction of the contemporary maritime security environment and familiarisation of Officer Cadets with Maritime Security Concepts

Learning outcomes	Knowledge	<ul> <li>Formulate basics of Security Environment in the Maritime Domain and of Naval Control and Guidance of Shipping.</li> <li>Define the aim and role of the EU maritime strategy.</li> </ul>
	Skills	<ul> <li>To orient in a dynamic maritime security environment obtaining common situational awareness.</li> <li>Develop creative and efficient decision-making in accordance with security and tactical factors in the Maritime domain.</li> </ul>
	Responsibility and Autonomy	<ul> <li>To understand the course of action of the higher command level and take the necessary initiative to contribute to its success.</li> <li>To make decisions in an unpredictable operating naval environment</li> </ul>

### **Evaluation of learning outcomes**

- Test: Determination of entry level according to the learning outcomes of e-learning. Final evaluation according to ESDC's guidelines.
- Observation: Throughout the module trainees are to be observed and evaluated on their understanding regarding the contemporary issues on the maritime domain.
- **Discussion**: Trainees are about to participate and present case studies.
- Organisational Skills: National students are being responsible for the organisation of parts of the Module. Goals to be achieved are issued and evaluated by the Course Director.

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Created by Epameinondas Palmos (Lieutenant, Hellenic Navy)	Date of issue: 28th April 2017
Revised by Christos Chatzis (Commander, Hellenic Navy)	6 <sup>th</sup> May 2017
Revised by Col Dr. Gell (Chairman IG)	11 <sup>th</sup> May 2017
Approved by the Implementation Group	23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2017
Revised according to SQF MILOF by CAPT (N) N. Dimitrov and Assoc. Prof. N. Karadimas / Chairpersons LoD 2/8	23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2024



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#### **Module Details** (the content is as an example and depend on the course director decision) Recom-Main mended **Details Topic** WH History Maritime Security Concept of Maritime Security – Threats and Challenges 8 Concept International Law Framework Current Maritime Security Strategies under State actors Regional Maritime Security Initiatives State, regional and International Cooperation Structures for Maritime Security international aspects on 6 Capacity Building Initiatives Maritime Security Civil-Military Cooperation (CIMIC) in a maritime Environment **European Maritime Security Strategy EUMSS Action Plan EU Maritime Security** 8 Strategy EU Strategy on the international maritime Environment Cyber Security Maritime Security **EU Maritime Security Operations** Operations, **EU Policing Operations** 4 Maritime Maritime Security in the private Sector Policy Globalisation Significance of SLOCs Maritime Transport 4 Infrastructure Security Need to secure (public /private Aspects) International Law EU Maritime Security Surveillance Systems AIS Technology Usage on 4 Maritime Security Network based Approach **Further Developments Total** 34 Additional hours (WH) to increase the learning outcomes Separate hours per day for in-depth-studies on an asrequired basis including e-learning in advance **Self-Studies** 16 (AKU 1 and AKU 2). Remarks: The Module encourages the active participation of students. **Total WH** 50 The detailed amount of hours for the respective main topic is up to the course director according to national law or home institution's rules.

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Revised by Christos Chatzis (Commander, Hellenic Navy)	6 <sup>th</sup> May 2017		
Revised by Col Dr. Gell (Chairman IG)	14th May 2017		
Approved by the Implementation Group	23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2017		
Revised according to SOF MILOF by CAPT (N) N. Dimitroy and Assoc. Prof. N. Karadimas / Chairnersons LoD 2/8	23rd May 2024		



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## **List of Abbreviations:**

AIS	Automatic Identification System
AKU	Autonomous Knowledge Unit
CEFR	Common European Framework of Reference for Languages
CFSP	Common Foreign and Security Policy
CIMIC	Civil-Military Cooperation
CSDP	Common Security and Defence Policy
ECTS	European Credit Transfer System
ESDC	European Security and Defence College
EU	European Union
EUMSS	European Union Maritime Security Strategy
GR	Greece
NATO	North Atlantic Treaty Organization
NMIOTC	NATO Maritime Interdiction Operation Training Center
SLOC	Sea Lines of Communications
STANAG	Standardization Agreement
WH	Working Hour