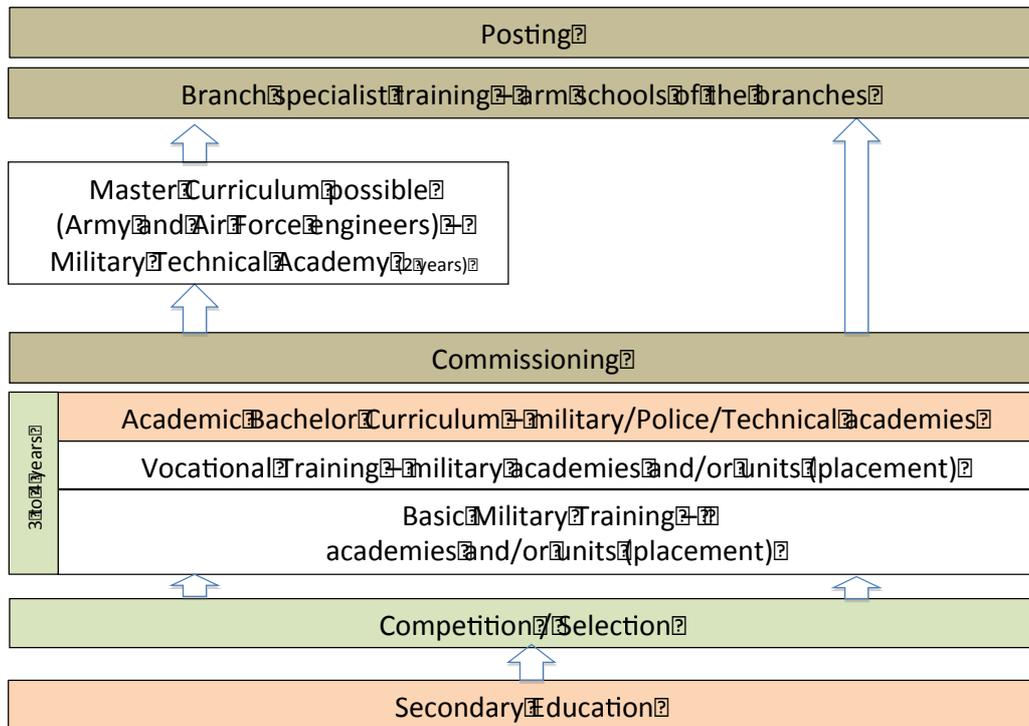




# ROMANIA

## How to Become a Military Officer in the Romanian Armed Forces:



In Romania, the basic education and training of the military officers of the 4 services (Army, Navy, Air Force and Gendarmerie) are provided by 4 different academies. The Gendarmerie training academy is the Police – civilian, therefore – Academy but the application training remains aligned with the military model. Beside, Romania maintains a separation of the technical officers from the other military professions. The future engineers of the Army and the Air Force, indeed, are educated and trained in a distinct Academy, the Military Technical Academy.

The duration of the basic education curriculum and vocational training of the candidates issued from direct recruitment varies from one service to another and, at the application level, from one specialty to another. However, all the academies have fully integrated the *acquis* of the Bologna Process in their education policies. As concerns the engineers of the Army and Air Force, in addition, they are offered the possibility to continue their education at an intermediate level with master studies shortly after their basic curriculum. The other officers will have, later in the course of their career, the opportunity to do so in advanced education institutions such as the National Defence University.

**Academic curricula**

<b>Bachelor</b>	<b>Bachelor in:</b> -Military Sciences, Intelligence, public Order and Safety; -Legal Sciences
<b>Master (advanced education)</b>	<b>-Professional Master in Operational Management of Gendarmerie Units -Master in Law - Legal Sciences</b>

**Military specialisations**

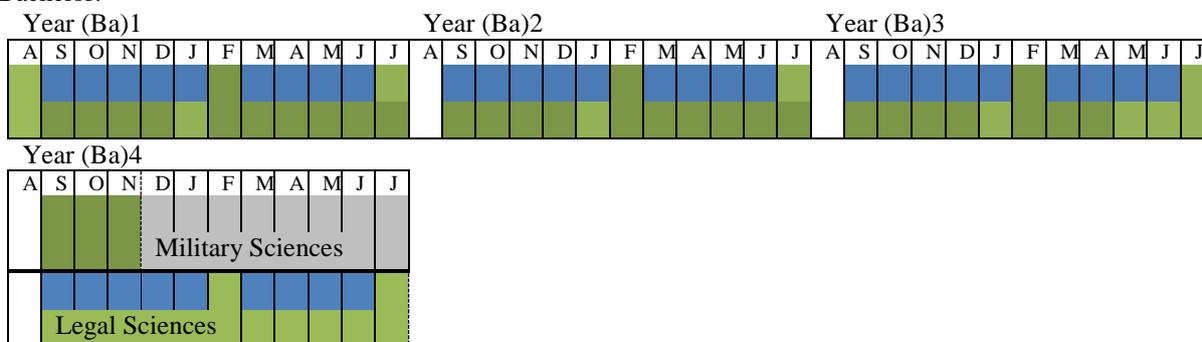
Public order and safety	<b>“Alexandru Ioan Cuza” Police Academy</b> (Bucharest)
Law	

Number of cadets first year: 50

Total number of cadets: 145

**Organisation of the basic officers’ education**

Bachelor:



**Integration in the European Higher Education Area**

Academic education:

Credit system			Learning outcomes (described and used)	Internal quality assurance mechanisms		External quality assurance mechanisms		Recognition of education taken abroad
Nature	Ba	Ma		Following the European Standards and Guidelines	Involving the students	National accreditation	Involving EQAR agencies	
ECTS	180 / 240	90 / 120	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Vocational training:

Credit system			Learning outcomes (described and used)	Internal quality assurance mechanisms		National accreditation	Recognition of training done abroad
Nature	Ba	Ma		Following the European Standards and Guidelines	Involving the trainees		
ECTS	NK	NK	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

<u>Doctoral studies</u>	<u>Forefront expertise and research fields of the main institution</u>
The Police Academy provides opportunities for doctoral studies, including for the Gendarmerie officers.	The Police Academy holds scientific research in the fields of <i>public order and safety</i> and <i>national security</i> .

#### An exchange culture

Number of military students sent abroad on an exchange in 2013-2014: none

*“Alexandru Ioan Cuza” Police Academy promotes openness and internal and external exchanges of teaching staff, instructors and students alike. Such forms of mobility are considered to be innovations in the tertiary education and improvements in the staff competences within the Romanian Gendarmerie. This includes Erasmus mobility.*

#### Context:

Erasmus charter signed	Member of fora	Use of the framework arrangement	Joint degrees with European military institutions
Y		Y	Y

#### Practice:

Academic				Vocational			Practice of full-curriculum mobility	Common modules proposed	Offer of “international programmes”
Sends students	Hosts students	Exchanges staff	Exchanges with civilian	Sends students	Hosts students	Exchanges staff			
Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y		N

#### Learning of, learning in foreign languages

*The future Gendarmerie officers must learn at least one foreign language during their basic education at the Police Academy, according to the curricula. Students can opt between English, French, German, Russian and Spanish. The Police Academy has been part of programmes using foreign languages in training, especially English and French: approximately 70% of the Gendarmerie students study English, 30% French.*

Command of the English or French at the end of basic education and training (CEFRL/STANAG 6001):

	Speak	Write	Read	Listen/Understand
Bachelor curriculum	B2 / SLP 3			
Master curriculum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Before and beyond basic education

*The future Gendarmerie officers are recruited among young individuals with no criminal records who graduated from high school with a secondary education Baccalaureate degree and meet medical, physical and psychological requirements. Moreover, the candidates need to pass an entrance examination testing on Romanian language and history and a foreign language (English, French, German, Russian, Spanish).*

*Throughout their career, Romanian Gendarmerie officers continue their tertiary education. After graduating from the Police Academy with a Bachelor in Public Order and Safety, Romanian Gendarmerie officers can complete legal studies (between 180 and 240 ECTS) if they join an other faculty of legal studies, take professional and legal master studies as the Academy or pursue doctoral studies. Gendarmerie officers can also take professional or specialized courses in other institutions in the country or abroad throughout their career.*